Old Provo Road Met Big Need

By LaDawn Ercanbrack

At a time when plans are being made for an improved highway in Provo Canyon, it is interesting to recall over 111 years ago when the first road through the canyon was built, and why the pioneers saw a need for such a road.

Provo, which had its beginning in 1849, grew until about 1857 when some of the townspeople felt that all the choice land had been claimed. Newly arriving settlers began looking toward "greener pastures" on the other side of the Wasatch Mountains. On the other side was the

On the other side was the rough wilderness country of Provo Valley, so named because the headwaters of the Provo River ran through it, was later to become Wasatch County, a land of peaceful valleys and hard beginnings.

First Visitors

And so the valley was examined early in the 1850's by three men who climbed the Wasatch Range from Big Cottonwood Canyon and came down the western slopes of the valley. When they told others what they saw it created much interest and ways were soon sought to get

into the valley.

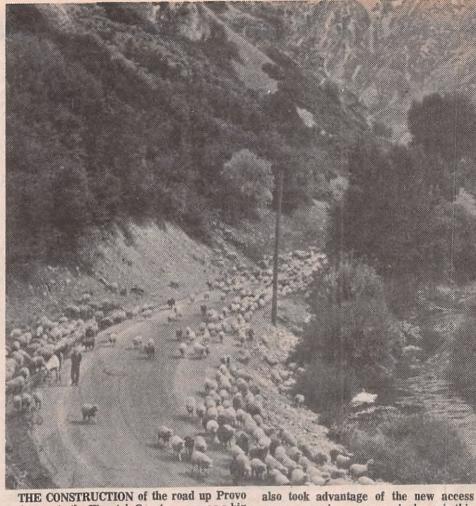
By 1855 or '56 the pioneers began trailing their cattle into the valley by an Indian trail that began near Pleasant Grove, went up Grove Creek over the northwest end of Timpanogos, down Bear Canyon to the left fork of American Fork Canyon, up this canyon, to the summit and then down into the Midway area.

Hike For Look

One summer Sunday morning in 1857 a group of workmen at a sawmill in Big Cottonwood Canyon, southeast of Salt Lake Valley, decided to spend the day looking at the rumored "paradise land" nestled in the tops of the Wasatch range. The men, Charles N. Carroll, George Jaques, James Adams and others, hiked to the summit of the range and brought back glowing reports of a desirable agricultural valley.

Rumors still presisted that there was frost in the valley during every month of the year. However, the favorable reports of the sawmill workers, and others, made many people anxious to settle in the area.

First Ranches
During the spring of 1858 a
group of cattlemen in Provo
drove a herd of stock through the
canyon and established some
ranches at the south end of the
valley. Those in the group included William Wall, George W.
Dean, Aaron Daniels and a few
others. With the idea of keeping
their cattle in the valley during
the winter these men harvested
a crop of meadow hay.



THE CONSTRUCTION of the road up Provo Canyon to the Wasatch County area was a big boon to travelers and sheepmen and cattlemen

also took advantage of the new access summer grazing ranges, as is shown in this picture.

Wasatch lands, and with ranch sites already surveyed, the need for a road became an issue of primary importance. To win support for the project, a group fo Provo men took the matter to President Brigham Young and explained both the hardships and the advantages of building such a road.

Brigham Young favored the project and on June 8, 1858 he called a meeting in the bowery at Provo and said, "A road up Provo Canyon is much needed, and we want 10 or 20 companies of laborers to go on it forthwith in order to finish it in about 15 days so that you can go into the valleys of the Weber where there is plenty of timber.

"I understand that a company has been chartered by the legislative assembly to make that road. If these men will come forward we will take the responsibility of making it. We shall need about 500 laborers."

Company Formed
The Provo Canyon Co. was formed the next evening. With President Young himself subscribing for 200 shares of stock. Feramorz Little was named superintendent of the project with W. G. Mills as clerk. A company of laborers was formed and the road, that was to go from Provo through Provo Canyon to the Kamas Bench and on the "Mormon Trail" to Weber Canyon, was begun. A total of \$19,000 was allocated for the cost of the road, much of which was paid for in "Deseret Script."

As the wagon ruts through the canyon were formed into a road, the laborers faced the necessity of building a bridge over the Provo River. It was decided to

place the bridge near the mouth of the canyon, and engineering work was begun immediately by Henry Grow, who later won fame for his construction of the Salt Lake Tabernacle.

Bridge Completed

When the bridge was completed in the first part of October of 1858 the Deseret News said in its edition of Oct. 13, 1858, that the bridge was "substantially and neatly made and calculated to be of service for many years

to the inhabitants of County." And again on No the same year the road was enough completed that teamsters started for the U States over the new ro (Deseret News, Nov. 12, 1 While the road saved r

While the road saved miles for transcontine teamsters and travelers in out of Utah County, its important contribution can opening up Wasatch County permanent settlement.

Grandpa Rides Again. . . And How!

By OTTO E. STURM WILLIAMSVILLE, N.Y. PI)—Carrying nine pounds of gar and spice, and everything ce, can be more weighty than

u might think.

That is, if she's your first andchild. And if it's been out 20 years since you last ld a babe in arms. The infant

nd, anyway.

It was with that leaveerything-to-me, don't-worryout-a-thing aplomb that I lunteered to stay with threeeeks-old Catherine Mary while e rest of the family went to mrch.

My son, the father, assured the there'd be no problem. The aby had been fed and was eeping peacefully in her crib. "She shouldn't wake up," he id. "But if she does, don't ish to pick her up if she's just rying and everything else eems okay. Kids could get coiled that way." Okay, Dr. pock, I thought.

They left and there was quiet or about 15 minutes. It was roken by a wail and sounds of mini-struggle from the djoining bedroom. I went nere and looked into the crib.

t the flowing tears, the what-

imes I had walked the floor. Britain, 253,184. Others includ-

Never mind if it was mainly to spare the neighbors' eardrums. up the crib seemed 10 feet But those were my kids. And deep. How to lift her out of it this is a new generation.

Generation! I began

young protesters are just giving vent to delayed resentment at having been left squalling in their cribs.

I pictured little Cathy, grown spine, or something? to beautiful (naturally) young womanhood. But carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts, I figured I'd picket sign calling for "down it quickly, like rights and the carrying a thoughts a thoughts a thoughts a thoughts a thoughts a thoughts a thought a thoughts a thought a though with" whatever happens to be

I had found my excuse.

But when I went to pick her safely? All I could remember of Generation! I began to my former know-how was the rationalize. Who knows, maybe admonition, "don't let the head many of today's vociferous fall back." But what about the rest of that helpless little body? If I let it sag in the middle would I be setting up future trouble? Like curvature of the

Fighting down these morbid thoughts, I figured I'd better do it quickly, like ripping off adhesive plaster, to minimize up at the time; her usually any unpleasant consequences. I dulcet (naturally) voice raised don't know how it happened, in defiant yells at the fuzz; but suddenly there she was. maybe even at a judge. crook of my arm. Sheer

instinct, no doubt.

I heard a happy little gurgle and looked down just in time to see her fall asleep with a wondrous sigh of contentment. I gazed at that tranquil countenance and thought it's a good thing we live 400 miles apart or I just could spoil this kid rotten.

Many paces later, a glance at the clock made me decide to put her down again against the return of the new parents.

Apparently, word of the new feminist movement hadn't reached Cathy yet and as I started putting her back in the crib she indicated loudly that she wanted no part of being liberated. So I picked her up, now like the old pro. Only a few minutes later I heard the approaching car. It was back to the old crib again. This time, bless her, she stayed asleep.

"Did she give you any trouble" asked Daddy when he came in.

"Not a bit." I wasn't about to tell them of near-panic. Or brag about maybe saving some future Establishment from a potential nuisance.

So, my shaky first venture in grandfatherly babysitting had a happy ending, not the least of which was a grateful thought:

There are times when it isn't a bad thing at all for a girl to leave a fellow high and dry.

Overseas Visitors To United States on Increase

WASHINGTON (UPI) -More people than ever before visited the United States from around the world in 1969, according to the Department of Commerce.

The total number of visitors, as tourists or on business, was 1,752,842, an increase of 12.1 per cent over 1968. In addition to re-they-doing-to-me expression cent over 1968. In addition to n the little face, the pathetic overseas visitors there were an what to do? Obey instinct Canada and 1,015,420 from one pick her up? Maybe to be Mexico.

The greatest number of I flashed back to the many overseas visitors came from Britain 253 184. Others includ-

ed: from West Germany 144,380, Japan 124,678, France 93,808, Italy 59,954, Venzuela 48,819, Australia 45,961, Colombia 43,385, Netherlands 39,997, Argentina 38,261.

According to the Commerce Department foreigners "most wanted to see" New York, San Francisco, Washington, Florida and the Grand Canyon. The Department also noted without comment, "They are not particularly interested in our history or in historical land-marks."

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During the spring and summer of 1858 a number of persons explored the area and decided in explored the area and decided if would be a satisfactory place to settle. The first steps toward settlement came in July, 1858, when a party headed by J.W. Snow, county surveyor in Provo, went to the valley and laid out a section of ground just north of the present site of Heber City. Twenty-acre tracts were surveyed and each man in the party events. veyed and each man in the party selected his farm and during the spring of 1859 the first permanent settlers had crossed to the eastern slopes of the Wasatch Mountains to establish homes and farms in the Provo Valley

Valley. Study Road
Having decided to settle in the valley, the men turned their attention to the feasibility of constructing a road through Provo Canyon. As early as 1852, an explorer, William Gardner, had recommended that such a

road be constructed. On the 19th of January, 1855 the State Legislature incorporated the Provo Canyon Road Co. which authorized Aaron Johnson, Thomas S. Williams, Evon M. Green and William Wall to construct a road from the mouth of Provo Canyon in Utah County to the Kamas prairie. From there it was to travel northeasterly in the most feasible route until it intercepted the main traveled road from the Great Salt Lake. Unfortunately, this road was

never begun. Misunderstandings with federal officials resulted in the appointment of Alfred Cumming as the territorial governor in 1857. He was excorted into Utah Territory by federal troops commanded by Gen. Albert Sidney Johnston. The presence of federal troops are the Mormon people markets. gave the Mormon people more to think about than building the

road William M. Wall, (Wallsburg's namesake) had been called on a mamesake) had been called on a mission to Australia and returned late in 1857, having been called home due to the Johnston's Army affair. But by mid-1858, the troops were peacefully garrisoned at Camp Floyd near Utah Lake, the Mormon people had returned to normal living and he and others talking about the road again.

Important Issue With cattle grazing on the



ove cotnt, maplenty. . . 84° . . 44° bath



e new - and for such a little zipper closures. Durable boxed